§157.123. Regional Emergency Medical Services/Trauma Systems

- (a) The bureau of emergency management (bureau) shall recognize the establishment of a regional emergency medical services (EMS)/trauma system (system) within a trauma service area (TSA) as described in §157.122 of this title (relating to Trauma Service Areas).
 - (b) Establishment of a regional EMS/trauma system consists of three phases.
- (1) The first phase begins with the establishment of a regional advisory council (RAC) and ends with recognition of the RAC by the bureau.
- (A) All health care entities who care for trauma patients should be offered membership on the RAC.
 - (B) The bureau shall recognize only one official RAC for a TSA.
- (C) At least quarterly, a RAC shall submit evidence of on-going activity, such as meeting notices and minutes, to the bureau.
- (D) Annually, the RAC shall file a report with the bureau which describes progress toward system development, demonstrates on-going activity, and includes evidence that members of the RAC are currently involved in trauma care.
- (E) The RAC functions without the expectation of comprehensive, permanent and/or unrestricted state funding.
 - (F) RACs may request technical assistance from the bureau at any time.
- (2) The second phase begins with RAC recognition by the bureau and ends with approval of a complete EMS/trauma system plan (plan) by the bureau.
- (A) The RAC shall develop a system plan based on standard guidelines for comprehensive system development. The system plan is subject to approval by the bureau.
 - (B) The bureau shall review the plan to assure that:
- (i) all counties within the TSA have been included unless a specific county, or portion thereof, has been aligned within an adjacent system;
- (ii) all health care entities and interested specialty centers have been given an opportunity to participate in the planning process; and
 - (iii) the following components have been addressed:

		(I)	injury prevention;	
		(II)	access to the system;	
		(III)	communications;	
		(IV)	medical oversight;	
		(V)	prehospital triage criteria;	
		(VI)	diversion policies;	
		(VII)	bypass protocols;	
		(VIII)	regional medical control;	
		(IX)	regional trauma treatment protocols;	
		(X)	facility triage criteria;	
		(XI)	inter-hospital transfers;	
including the identification of	the lead fa		planning for the designation of trauma facilities,	
processes and outcomes from	ı a system	(XIII)	a performance improvement program that evaluates etive.	
(C) participating in the system to r			al of the completed plan may qualify health care entities ng for trauma care if funding is available.	
(3) The third phase begins with approval of a complete plan by the bureau and ends with the regional EMS/trauma system being recognized by the bureau.				
(A)	Upon a	Upon approval, a RAC implements the plan to include:		
	(i)	educati	on of all entities about the plan components;	
	(ii)	on-goir	ng review of resource, process, and outcome data; and	
components by the bureau.	(iii)	if neces	ssary, revision and re-approval of the plan or plan	

(B) At any time following implementation of the plan, a RAC may request recognition as a regional EMS/trauma system which will include:				
(i) an on-site review by a team composed of bureau staff and trained non-Texas Department of Health surveyors;				
review; and	(ii)	bureau evaluation of a report developed following the on-site		
review.	(iii)	notification of the RAC by the bureau of the results of the		